**105) Claim: Imagination is a more valuable asset than experience.**

**Reason: People who lack experience are free to imagine what is possible without the constraints of established habits and attitudes.**

Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the claim and the reason on which that claim is based.

**106) In most professions and academic fields, imagination is more important than knowledge.**

Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the statement and explain your reasoning for the position you take. In developing and supporting your position, you should consider ways in which the statement might or might not hold true and explain how these considerations shape your position.

**126) In most professions and academic fields, imagination is more important than knowledge.**

Write a response in which you discuss the extent to which you agree or disagree with the claim. In developing and supporting your position, be sure to address the most compelling reasons and/or examples that could be used to challenge your position.

1. 正:a、经验限制严重，思维僵化想象力匮乏;b、想象力确实重要。imagination 为科学 提供新的发展和新理论的演绎 creating。有的人会说贡献都是实验室里做出来的，但实 际上，没有天才的想象力，怎么能想到遗传定理

2. 反:a、无经验引发想象力确实存在，如 science fiction，但经验一般是基础;b、经验建 立经过检验，比想象准确性高 Time is the significant standard of testing one thing.

3. 交汇:并不矛盾，可以共存:a、有些想象力是在经验基础上诞生的。经验是基础，想 象是扩展;例如，梵高的后印象派 post-impressionism，在前人基础上创建的。b、经验 其实是以前经验和想象的结果。

4. 结论:尽管经验和想象的关系还需讨论，各自的利弊已经被部分知道。如果正确采用， 不仅共存而且互利。